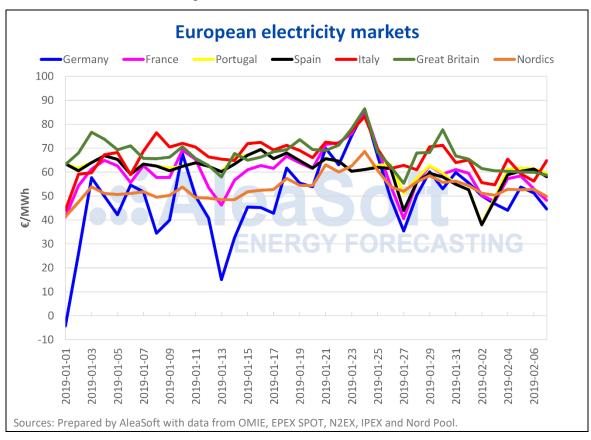


WIND ENERGY SETS THE PACE OF THE MIBEL ELECTRICITY MARKET PRICE

AleaSoft, February 7, 2019. In the first seven days of February the price of the MIBEL electricity market has been the lowest in Europe twice, and in two days, the highest one. According to the analysis carried out by AleaSoft, wind energy production is behind these price movements.

European electricity markets

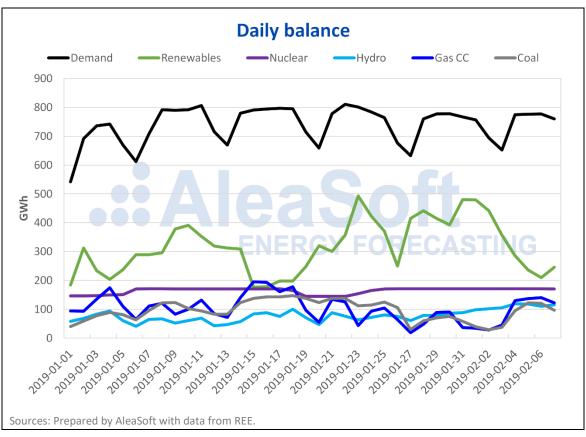
In the first seven days of February, the **MIBEL electricity market** in Spain and Portugal registered the lowest daily price in Europe on the first two days of the month and also the most expensive ones on February 5 and 6. On February 1, the average daily price of Spain and Portugal was 52.68 €/MWh, while on February 2, Spain recorded an average daily price of 37.96 €/MWh and Portugal of 38.46 €/MWh, in both cases, the lowest so far this year. On the other hand, on February 5 the price recorded in Spain was 60.41 €/MWh and in Portugal 61.66 €/MWh, and on the 6th both markets rose from 61 €/MWh; Spain reached 61.26 €/MWh and Portugal 61.40 €/MWh.



According to the analysis carried out by **AleaSoft**, the **production with renewable energies**, mainly wind energy, is the main factor in these price movements. On February 1 and 2 there was a high **wind energy production**. On day 1, 359 GWh were generated with this technology, the third highest value this year. On the 2nd, wind energy production was 316 GWh, which together with a lower electricity demand due to Saturday labour patterns, led to what is currently the lowest average daily price this year. On the other hand, on February 5 and 6 the wind energy production, which was 97 GWh and 75 GWh respectively, was lower than the usual values for February, which caused prices in the electricity market to rise.







At European level, the lowest-price market in these first seven days of the month was the German **EPEX SPOT**, followed by the **Nord Pool** market of the Nordic countries. In the upper band, around 60 €/MWh, are the **IPEX** market of Italy and **N2EX** market of Great Britain.

Electricity futures

The futures of Spain and Portugal in the **OMIP** market for March 2019 are stationary around 52 €/MWh since last week, after slowing the fall they had been experiencing since mid-December 2018. The futures of France and Germany for March 2019 in the **EEX** market this week have been trading between 2 and 3 €/MWh lower than last week; in the session of February 6, futures in France settled at 49.41 €/MWh and those in Germany at 46.17 €/MWh.

Brent, fuels and CO₂

During this week of February 7, the price of **Brent oil** futures has remained stationary between 62 \$/bbl and 63 \$/bbl, although the sanctions of the US government on the Venezuelan state oil company PDVSA and the production cut on the part of OPEC countries continue to generate concern in the market.

The price of **TTF** gas has continued this week the downward trend that has been experiencing since mid-January when trading above 22 €/MWh, and in the session on February 6 the futures for March this year in the **ICE** market closed at 18.92 €/MWh, a value that was not seen since the beginning of April 2018.

For its part, this week the price of **API 2 coal** futures for March 2019 fell from 77 \$/t on February 4 and 5, as estimated by **AleaSoft** earlier this week. In yesterday's session, February 6, it closed at 77.1 \$/t. It is expected that in the next few days it will remain stationary with a slight downward trend.

The **price of CO₂ emission rights** is experiencing a slight upward trend since the beginning of February, when it was quoted at $21.84 \ \text{€/t}$, closing $1.73 \ \text{€/t}$ higher yesterday February 6, at $23.57 \ \text{€/t}$. In **AleaSoft** it is estimated that the price will continue to oscillate around the equilibrium value of $22 \ \text{€/t}$.

Mainland Spain, wind and photovoltaic energy





According to the **temperature forecasts** analysed by **AleaSoft**, the next week of February 11, temperatures are expected to fall by an average of 1.7 °C, which will mean that **electricity demand** in Spain will increase by around 3.0%. This week, which began on February 4, the demand has been similar to that of the previous week and, when the week is finished, it is expected to have registered a slight increase of 0.5%.

At **AleaSoft**, it is estimated that by the end of this week, **wind energy production** will drop by 55% compared to last week. For next week a slight increase of 9.9% is expected.

On the other hand, **solar energy production**, which includes **photovoltaic** and **solar thermal**, will have risen 57% at the end of this week of February 4, if compared with the week of January 28, according to **AleaSoft**'s forecasts. For the next week of February 11 is expected an increase of 14% compared to the current week.

This week, the **hydroelectric reserves** have increased again and currently stand at 10 582 GWh, which represents 45.5% of the total capacity.

Source: AleaSoft Energy Forecasting

Keywords: MIBEL electricity market, production with renewable energies, wind energy production, solar energy production, photovoltaic, solar thermal, temperature forecasts, electricity demand, Brent oil, TTF gas, API 2 coal, CO₂ emission rights price, EPEX SPOT, Nord Pool, IPEX, N2EX, OMIP, EEX, ICE, hydroelectric reserves.

